

	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Counting	To count up to	Count to and	Place Value	Count from 0 in		Count formula on	1
Counting	To count up to three or four objects by saying one number name for each item. To count out up to six objects from a larger group. To count actions or objects which cannot be moved. To count objects to 10 and beginning to count beyond 10.	Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count numbers to 100 in numerals:	Count in multiples of 2 5 and 10s Count in steps of 2,3 and 5 from 0, and in 10s from and number, forward and backward.	Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100. Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number	Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000. Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers	Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000 Count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero	
	To count an irregular arrangement of up to ten objects. To estimate how many objects they can see and check by counting them. To count reliably						
	with numbers from one to 20.						
Represent	To say the number that is one more than a given number. To find one more or one less from a	Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations.	Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words. Identify, represent and estimate	identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations.	identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations	Read, write (order and compare) numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit.	Read, write (order and compare) numbers to at least 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit.



	group of up to five objects, then ten objects. To say which number is one more or one less than a given number from one to 20.	Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals Read any write numbers from 1 to 20 in words and numerals	numbers using different representations, including the number line	Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and words	Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value	Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.	
Use Place value and compare.	To compare two groups of objects, saying when they have the same number. To use the language of 'more' and 'fewer' to compare two sets of objects. To place numbers one to 20 in order.	Given a number, identify 1 more and 1 less.	Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens and ones) Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <> and = signs	Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens and ones) Compare and order numbers up to 1000	Find 1000 more or less than a given number. Recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens and ones) Compare and order numbers beyond 1000	(Read, Write), order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit.	(Read, Write), order and compare numbers to at least 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit.
Problems and rounding	To show curiosity about numbers by offering comments or asking questions To show an interest in number problems and be able to identify own mathematical problems based on own interest and fascination		Use place value and number facts to solve problems	Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas	Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000. Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above with increasingly large positive numbers	Interpret negative numbers in context. Round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 and 100,000. Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above	Round any whole number to a requires degree of accuracy. Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero. Solve number problems that involve all of the above.



		Ad	dition and subtracti	on			
	To begin to use the vocabulary involved in adding and subtracting in practical activities and discussion.	Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Represent ant use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20	Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently and derive and use related facts up to 100. Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (Commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot. Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.	Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers	estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation.	Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine in the context of a problem levels of accuracy	
Addition and Subtraction: Calculations	To find the total of items in two groups by counting all of them To add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on and back to find the answer using quantities and objects	add and subtract one digit and two- digit numbers to 20, including zero	Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects pictorial representations and mentally including: a two digit number and ones a two digit number and 10s two 2 digit numbers adding three one digit numbers	add and subtract numbers mentally including: a 3 digit number and ones a 3 digit number and 10s a three digit number and hundreds. Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits using formal written methods of	add and subtract numbers with up to four digits using formal written methods of columnar addition an subtraction where appropriate.	add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers	perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations.



Addition and Subtraction: Solving Problems	To say which number is one more or one less than a given number from one to 20. To find the total of items in two groups by counting all of them To add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on and back to find the answer using quantities and objects To say which number is one more or one less than a given	solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and missing number problems such as $7 = -9$	solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers of quantities and measures applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods	columnar addition and subtraction solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value and more complex addition and subtraction	solve addition and subtraction two step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.	solve addition and subtraction multi step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these including understanding the meaning of the equals sign	solve addition and subtraction multi step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
	number from one to 20.						
		Mul	tiplication and Divis	ion	<u> </u>		
Recall, Represent, Use			Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables including recognising odd and even numbers show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order	recall and use multiplication and division facts for the three four and eight multiplication tables	recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 x 12 use place value known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by	identify multiples and factors including finding all factor pairs of a number and common factors of 2 numbers know and use vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite(non prime) numbers	identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers use estimation to check to answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem. an appropriate degree of accuracy.



	(commutative) and		1; multiplying	establish whether	
	division of one		together 3	a number up to	
	number by another		numbers recognise	100 is prime and	
	cannot		and use factor	recall prime	
			pairs and	numbers up to 19	
			commutativity		
			mental calculations		
Calculation	calculate	Write and calculate	multiply two digit	multiply numbers	multiply multi digit
	mathematical	mathematical	and three-digit	up to four digits by	numbers up to
	statements for	statements for	numbers by a one-	a one- or two-digit	four digits by a
	multiplication and	multiplication and	digit number using	number using a	two digit whole
	division within	division using the	formal written	formal written	number using the
	multiplication	multiplication	layout	method including	formal written
	tables and write	tables that they	,	long multiplication	method of long
	them using the	know, including for		for two-digit	multiplication
	multiplication	two-digit numbers		numbers multiply	divide numbers up
	division and equals	of times one digit		and divide	to four digits by a
	signs	numbers, using		numbers mentally	two digit whole
	Signs	mental and		drawing upon	number using the
		progressing to		known facts divide	formal written
		formal written			
				numbers up to	method of long
		methods		four digits by a	division and
				one-digit number	interpret
				using formal	remainders as
				written method of	whole number
				short division and	remainders,
				interpret	fractions or by
				remainders	rounding as
				appropriately for	appropriate for the
				the context	context divide
				multiply and divide	numbers up to
				whole numbers	four digits by a
				and those	two digit number
				involving decimals	using the formal
				by 10,100 and	written method of
				1000	short division
				1000	where appropriate,
					interpreting
					remainders
					according to the
					context perform



						mental calculations including with mixed operations and large numbers
Solve Problems	solve one step problems involving multiplication and division by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher	solve problems involving multiplication and division using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts including problems in contexts	solve problems including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects	solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply 2-digit numbers by 1 digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects	solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fraction and problems involving simple rates	solve problems involving addition subtraction multiplication and division
Combined Operations					solve problems involving addition subtraction multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign	use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
		ns, Decimals, Perce		ſ	ſ	
Recognise and write	recognise find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object shape or quantity	recognise find an name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object shape or quantity recognise find name and write fractions 1/3, 1/4, 2/4 and 3/4 of a	count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers in or quantity's by 10 recognise find	count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by 100 and dividing tenths by 10	identify name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths recognise mixed numbers and	



		length shape set of	and write fractions		improper fractions	
		objects or quantity.	of a discrete set of		and convert from	
			objects: unit		one form to the	
			fractions and non		other and write	
			unit fractions with		mathematical	
			small		statements>1 as	
			denominators		mixed number for	
			recognise and use		example	
			fractions as			
			numbers: unit			
			fractions and non			
			unit fractions with			
			small			
			denominators			
Compare		recognise the	recognise an show	recognise an show	compare and order	use common
		equivalence of 2/4	using diagrams,	using diagrams,	fractions whose	factors to simplify
		and 1/2	equivalent	families of	denominators are	fractions; ballsuse
			fractions with	common	all multiples of the	common multiples
			small	equivalent	same number	to express
			denominators	fractions		fractions in the
			compare and order			same
			unit fractions, and			denomination
			fractions with the			nomination
			same			
			denominators			
Calculations		Write simple	add and subtract			
		fractions for	fractions with the			
		example $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 =	same denominator			
		3	within one whole			
			for example 5/7			
Solve Problems			+1/7 = 6/7 solve problems	solve problems		
			that involve all of	involving		
			the above	increasingly hard		
				fractions to		
				calculate		
				quantities, and		
				fractions to divide		
				quantities,		
				including non unit		
				fractions where		



			the answer is a		
Descerics and write			whole number	read and units	identify the value
Recognise and write			recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths recognise andwrite decimal equivalent to 1/4 1/2, 3/4	read and write decimal numbers as fractions for example 0.71 = 71/100 recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths hundredths and decimal equivalents	identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places
Compare			round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places	round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places	
Calculations and Problems			find the effect of dividing a one or two digit number by 10 and 100 identifying the value of the digits in the answers as ones, tenths and hundredths	solve problems involving number up to three decimal places	multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places multiply 1 digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places solve problems which require



Fractions, Decimals and Percentages			solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places	recognise the percent symbol and understand that percent relates to number of parts per hundred and write percentages as a fraction with the denominator 100 and as a decimal Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of ½, 1/4, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5 and those fractions with the nominator of a multiple of 10	answers to be rounded to specific degrees of accuracy associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents for a simple fraction recall and use equivalence is between simple fractions decimals and percentages including in different contexts
	F	Ratio and Proportion		or 25	
Ratio and Proportion					solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts solve problems involving the calculation of percentages and



							the use of percentages for comparison solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples
Algebra							use simple formula generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables
			Measurement				
Using Measure	To order two or three items by length or height. To order two items by weight or capacity. To use everyday languages to talk about size, weight,	Compare, describe and solve practical problems for : lengths and height mass/weight capacity and volume time measure and begin to record the following: lengths and height mass/	choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/ height in any direction mass temperature capacity to the nearest appropriate unit using rulers	Measure, compare, add and subtract lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg,g); volume/capacity (l/ml)	convert between different units of measure estimate compare and calculate different measures	convert between different units of metric measure understand and use approximate equivalence is between metric units an common imperial units such as inches pounds and pints use all	solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate use, read, write and convert



	capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and solve problems.	weight capacity /volume time (hours, minutes, seconds)	scales thermometers and measuring vessels compare and order Length, mass, volume/ capacity and record the results using >			four operations to solve problems involving measure using decimal notation including scaling	between standard units converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit and vice versa using decimal notations up to three decimal places convert between miles and kilometres
Money	To begin to use everyday language related to money.	recognise an know the value of different denominations of coins and notes	recognise and use the symbols for pounds (\pounds) and pence (p) combine amounts to make a particular value find different combinations of coins that equal the same amount of money solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit including giving change	add and subtract amount of money to give change using both pounds and pence in practical context	Estimate, compare and calculate different measures including money in pounds and pence	use all four operations to solve problems involving measure for example money	
Time	To use everyday language related to time. To order and sequence familiar events.	sequence events in chronological order using language for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow,	compare and sequence intervals of time tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the	tell and write the time from an analogue clock including using Roman numerals from I too XII and 12 hour and 24 hour clocks	read write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24 hour clocks solve problems involving converting from	solve problems involving converting between units of time	use read write and convert between standard units converting measurements of time from a smaller unit of measure to a



	To measure short periods of time in simple ways.	morning, afternoon and evening recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years tell time to the hour and half past the hour and draw hands on the clock face to show these times	hands on the clock face to show these times know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day	estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, am/pm ,morning, afternoon, noon and midnight Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year compare durations of events for example to calculate the time taken by a particular event or	hours to minutes, minutes to seconds, years to months, weeks to days		larger unit and vice versa
Perimeter, Area, Volume				task measure the perimeter of simple 2D shapes	measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares	measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres calculate and compare the area of rectangles including squares and including using standard	recognise that shapes with the same area can have different perimeters and vice versa recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes calculate the area of



						units and estimate the area of irregular shapes estimate volume for example using one centimetre cubed blocks to build cuboids including cubes and capacity for example using water	parallelograms and triangles calculate estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units including cubic centimetres and cubic metres and extending to other units
	To show ar		Geometry	drow 2D shares	compose and	diationaviat	draw 2D shares
2D shapes	To show an interest in shape and space by playing with shapes or making arrangements with objects. To show interest in shape by sustained construction activity or by talking about shapes or arrangements. To show interest in shapes in the environment. To use shapes appropriately for tasks. To begin to talk about shapes in everyday objects,	recognise an name, 2D shapes for example rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles	identify and describe the properties of 2D shapes, including the number of sides and line of symmetry in a vertical line identify 2D shapes on the surface of 3D shapes)for example a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid) compare and sort common 2D shapes and everyday objects	draw 2D shapes	compare and classify geometric shapes including quadrilaterals and triangles based on their properties and size identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes presented on different orientations	distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles use the properties of rectangles to juice related facts and find missing lengths and angles	draw 2D shapes using given dimensions and angles compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes illustrate and name parts of circles including radius and diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius



	e.g. 'round' and					
3D shapes	'tall'. To begin to use mathematical names for 'solid' 3D shapes and 'flat' 2D shapes, and mathematical terms to describe shapes. To select a particular named shapes. To explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them		make 3D shapes using modelling materials recognise 3D shapes in different orientations and describe them		identify 3D shapes including cubes and other cuboids from 2D representations	recognise describe and build simple 3D shapes including making nets
Angles and lines			recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn identify right angles recognise that two right angles make half a turn three make 3/4 of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of	identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes represented in different orientations complete a simple symmetrical figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry	know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles draw given angles, and measure them in degrees identify: angles at a point and one whole turn angles at a point on a straight line and half a turn other multiples of 90 degrees	find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons recognise angles where they meet at a point, on a straight line or are vertically opposite and find missing angles



			perpendicular and parallel lines			
Position and Direction	describe position direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns	order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences use mathematical vocabulary to describe position direction and movement including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three quarter turns clockwise and anticlockwise		describe positions on a 2D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/ right and up/ down plot specified points and draw sides to give to complete a given Polygon	identify describe an represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed	describe positions on the full coordinate grid all 4 quadrants draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes
		Statistics				
Present and interpret		interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables	interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables	interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods including bar charts and time graphs	complete read and interpret information in tables including timetables	interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems
Solve Problems		ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the	solve one step and two step questions (for example How many more? And How many fewer?) using information presented in	solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms	solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph	calculate and interpret the mean as an average



	categories by quantity.	scaled bar chart and pick to grammes and	,tables and other graphs	
	Ask and answer questions about totalling and	tables		
	comparing categorical data			